In the year 750, at Lanciano in the Abruzzo region of Italy, above the place where the Church dedicated to St. Francis of Assisi stands today, a Eucharistic Miracle took place whose precious Relics are still preserved today, and which it is possible to visit. The various chronicles of the time recount how in the year 750, a priest was celebrating Holy Mass. At the exact moment of the Consecration, he was tormented by strong doubts as to whether the Body and Blood of Jesus were truly present in the consecrated Host. He had just finished the Consecration when he noticed that the Host had been transformed into Flesh and the Wine into Blood. The priest, filled with regret for having doubted, began to weep and beg pardon from God. In the chronicles, the testimony of numerous members of the faithful who witnessed the Miracle, are also recorded. In 1970, analysis of the Relics confirmed that the Host transformed into Flesh is true Flesh, consisting of striated muscle tissue of the myocardium (part of the heart) and that the Wine transformed into Blood is true Blood of the blood type AB, which is the same as that found on the Shroud of Turin.