Jan 25, 1987

I. Indicate whether the following are true or false.

- _____ 1. The parables are analogies drawn from nature to explain the supernatural life.
- 2. Christ is our Teacher both in what He taught and in how He taught.
- _____ 3. Christ taught by word and example.
- _____ 4. Christ never identified Himself as Teacher.
- _____ 5. All the parables of Christ somehow are related to the Kingdom of God.
- _____6. The Parable of the Sower occurs only in the Gospel of St. Matthew..
- _____7. Christ Himself explains the parable of the Sower.
- _____ 8. The Parable of the Good Samaritan occurs only in the Gospel of St. Wks.
- _____ 9. The Parable of the Prodigal Son occurs in all three Synoptic Gospels.
- _____ 10. The Hebrew mentality favored mythology.
- _____ 11. Each parable taw one basic truth that Christ wanted to teach us.
- _____ 12. We cannot comprehend the mysteries of faith.
- _____ 13. We cannot understand the mysteries of faith.
- _____ 14. The parables are meant only for believers.
- _____ 15. There is true development of revelation from the Old to the New Testament.
- _____ 16. There is no doctrinal development since the end of the apostolic age.
- _____ 17. Every detail of a parable is essential to the teaching intended by Christ.
- _____ 18. There can be no virtue of charity, with the virtue of faith.
- _____ 19. We are obliged to grow in oar understanding of the mysteries of our faith.
- _____ 20. Without prayer, there can be no true growth in the spiritual life.
- II. Underline the term that best completes each statement,
- 21. Meditation can be described as 1) mental prayer, 2) discursive mental prayer, 3) reflection on religious truth In the Presence of God.
- 22. God loves all human beings 1) equally, 2) in exactly the same degree, 3) with infinite generosity but not equally.
- 23. In heaven, we shall 1) all be equally happy, 2) all be happy, 3) all be happy but not in the same degree.
- 24. Sacrifice means 1) surrender of something precious for God, 2) surrender, 3) surrender of something we like.
- 25. Holiness means the 1) possession of sanctifying grace, 2) practice of virtue, 3) living a holy life.
- 26. God expects 1) everyone to be holy, 2) some people to be more holy than others, 3) everyone to be holy according to the graces that He gives.
- III. Match the terms in the following columns.
- _____ 27. Divine mercy
- _____ 28. Lord's Prayer
- _____ 29. Spirituality
- _____ 30. Morality
- _____ 31. St. Luke
- _____ 32. Understanding
- _____ 33. Grace

- 27. Observing the commandments
- 28. Petition for conditional mercy
- 29. Depends on our practice of mercy
- 30. Parables of mercy
- 31. Seeing the meaning of a truth
- 32. Life
- 33. Doing more than I must do